

**ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

Encoded data is decoded by a receiver for an analogue input signal that is converted into a digital signal. A detector produces a sequence of data representative of the analogue signal, a decoder for the sequence of data outputs data indicating that a sequence includes an error. An event detector detects an event which substantially alters or destroys the analogue input signal. The decoder outputs data corresponding to the or each sequence resulting from the altered or destroyed analogue input signal indicating that the sequence is incorrect.